

Marine-derived fungi are known producers of **enzymes, other proteins and bioactive compounds** – antifungal, antibacterial, cytotoxic, antioxidant, and others.

With the **rise of both bacterial and fungal infections**, it is crucial to find new possible sources of antimicrobial compounds and **enzymes** capable of supporting atypical conditions are import for several industries

CONTEXT AND GOALS

This work aimed to:

- Increase marine-derived fungi data in Portugal
  - Describe the enzymatic activity and the effect of salinity
  - Describe the antifungal and antibacterial activity
- of 18 marine-derived *Penicillium* strains

The biotechnological potential of marine-derived *Penicillium* strains isolated from the Portuguese coast

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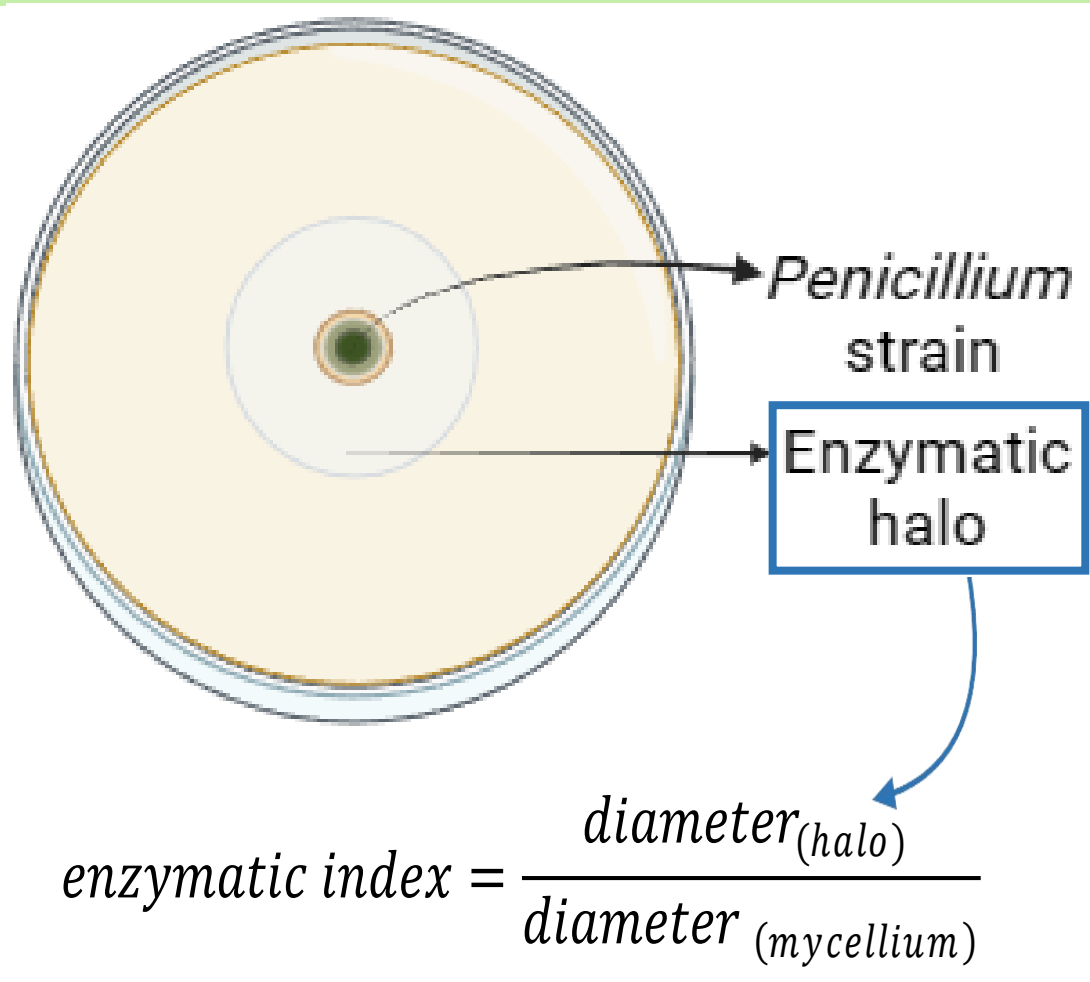


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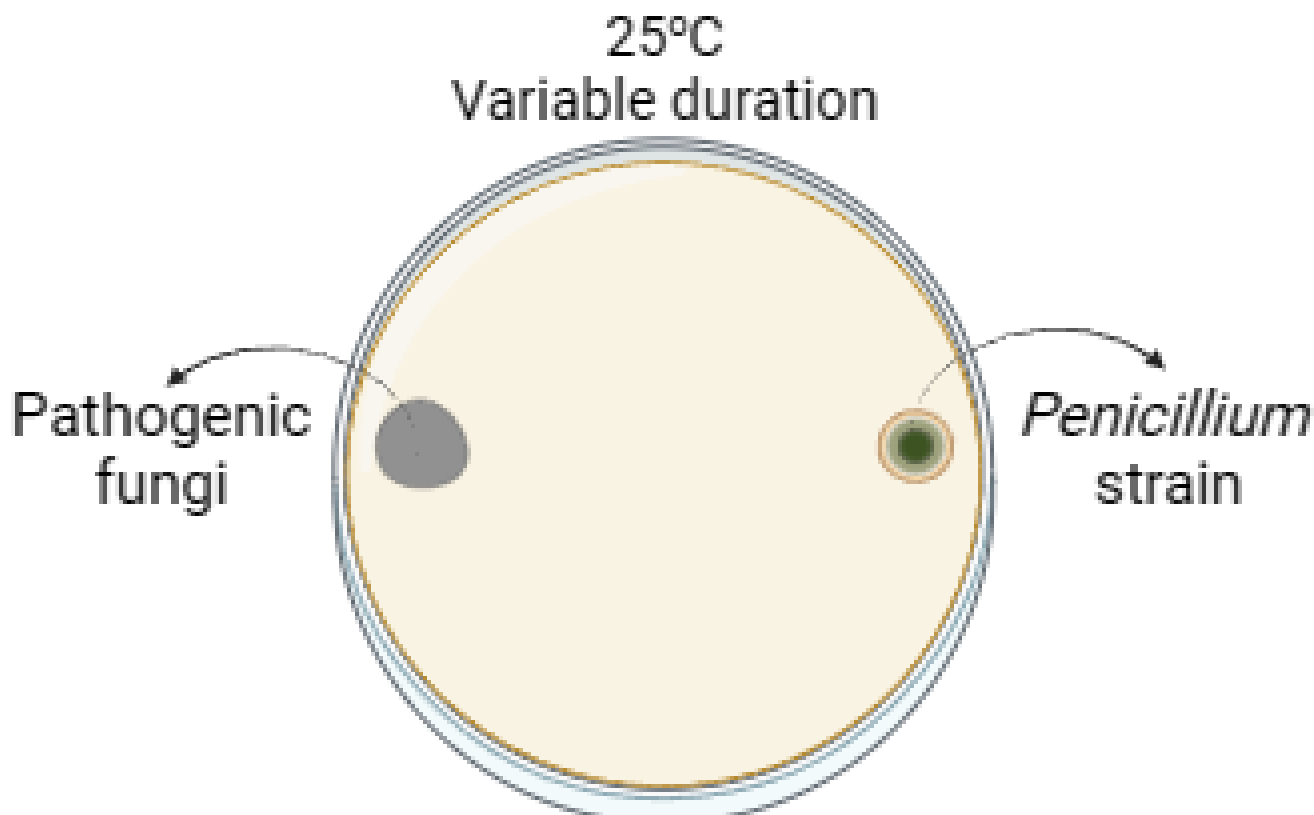
Enzymatic activity assay

- 8 different enzymatic media
- With 3.4% sea salts and without

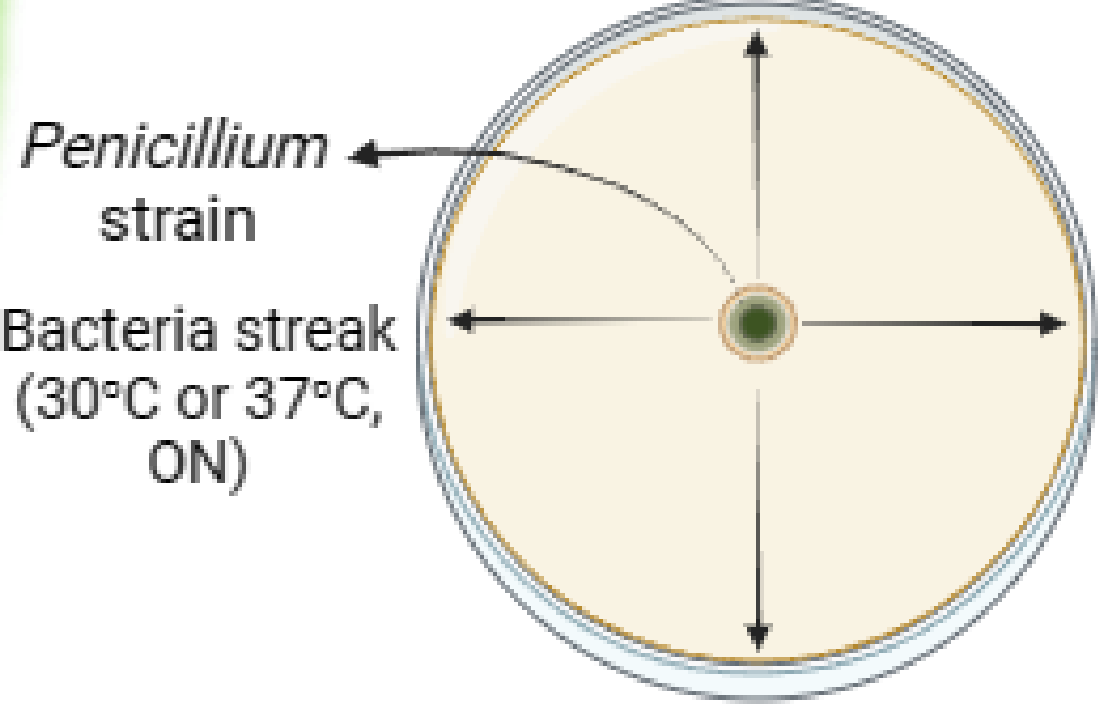
- Amylases
- Caseinases
- Gelatinases
- Cellulases
- Xylanases
- Pectinases
- Pectin lyases
- Laccases



Antifungal activity (Dual culture antagonism assay)



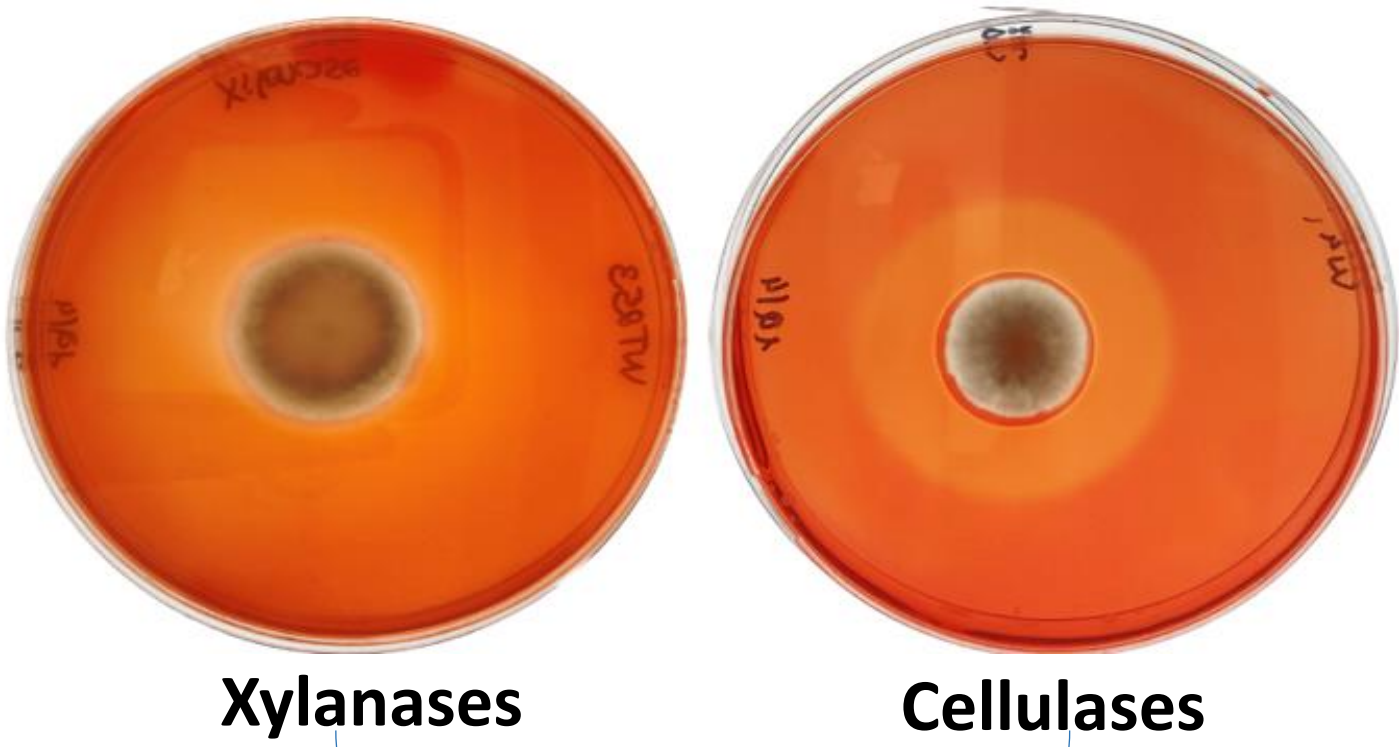
Antibacterial activity (Cross streak method)



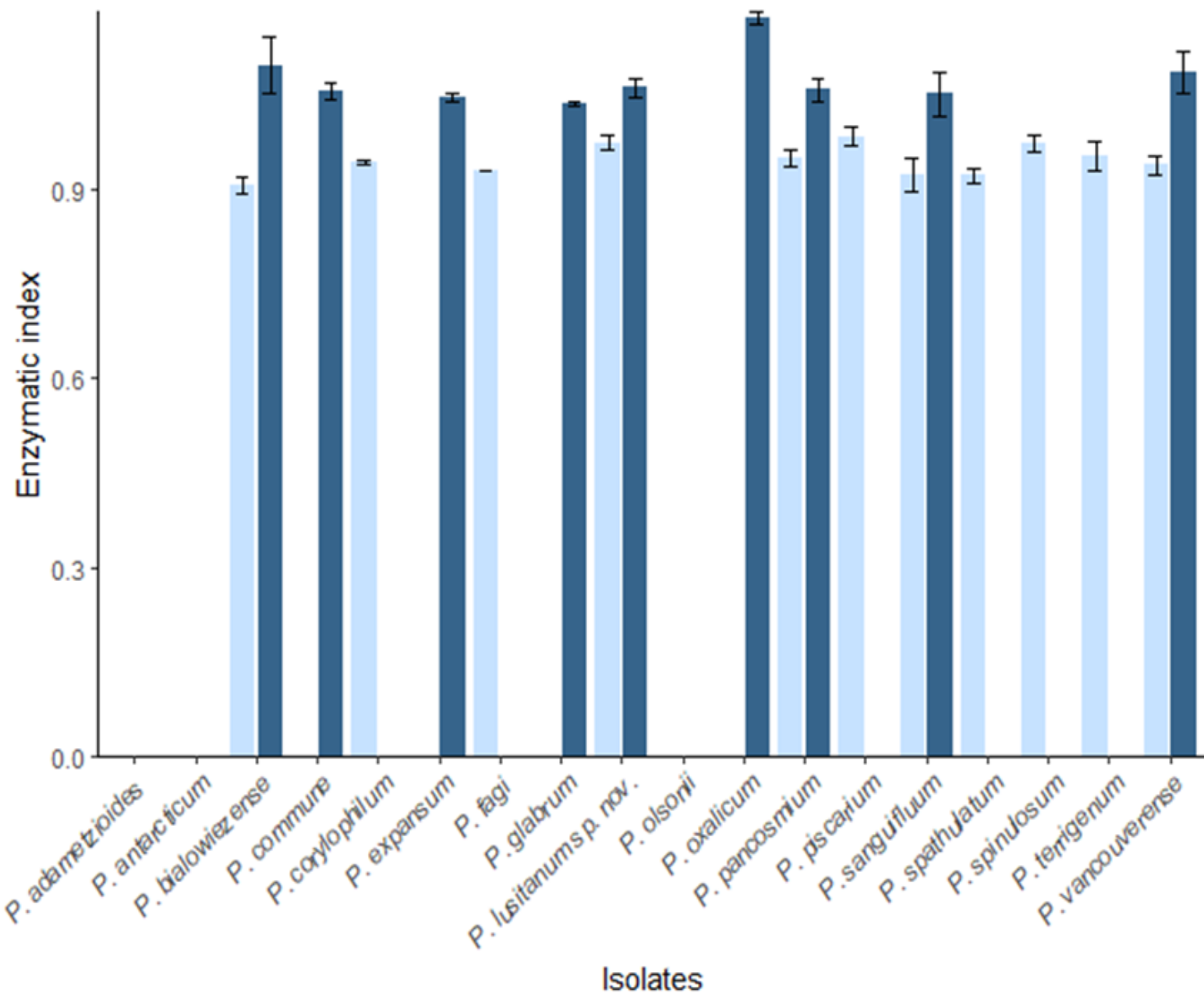
METHODS

RESULTS

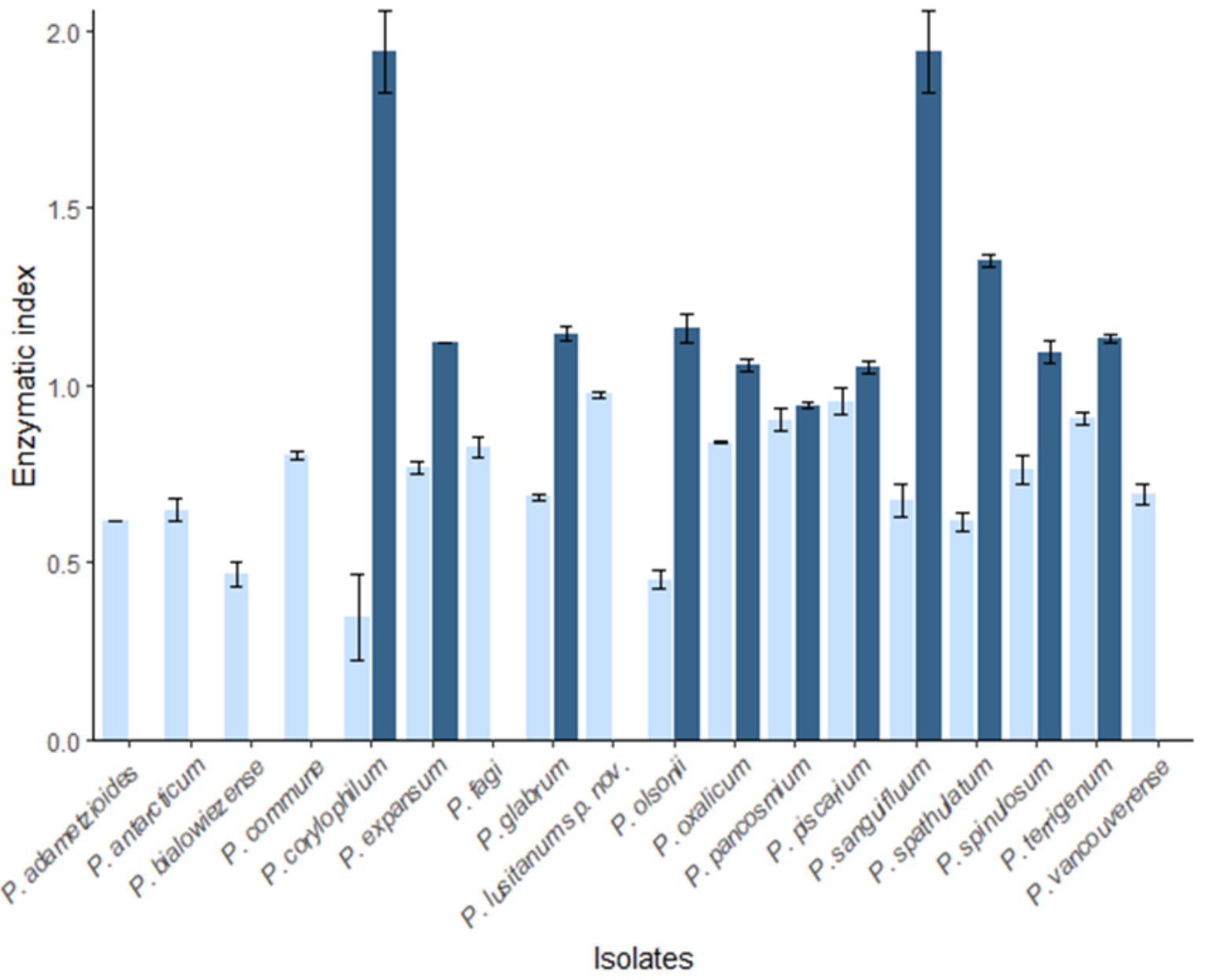
Enzymatic activity



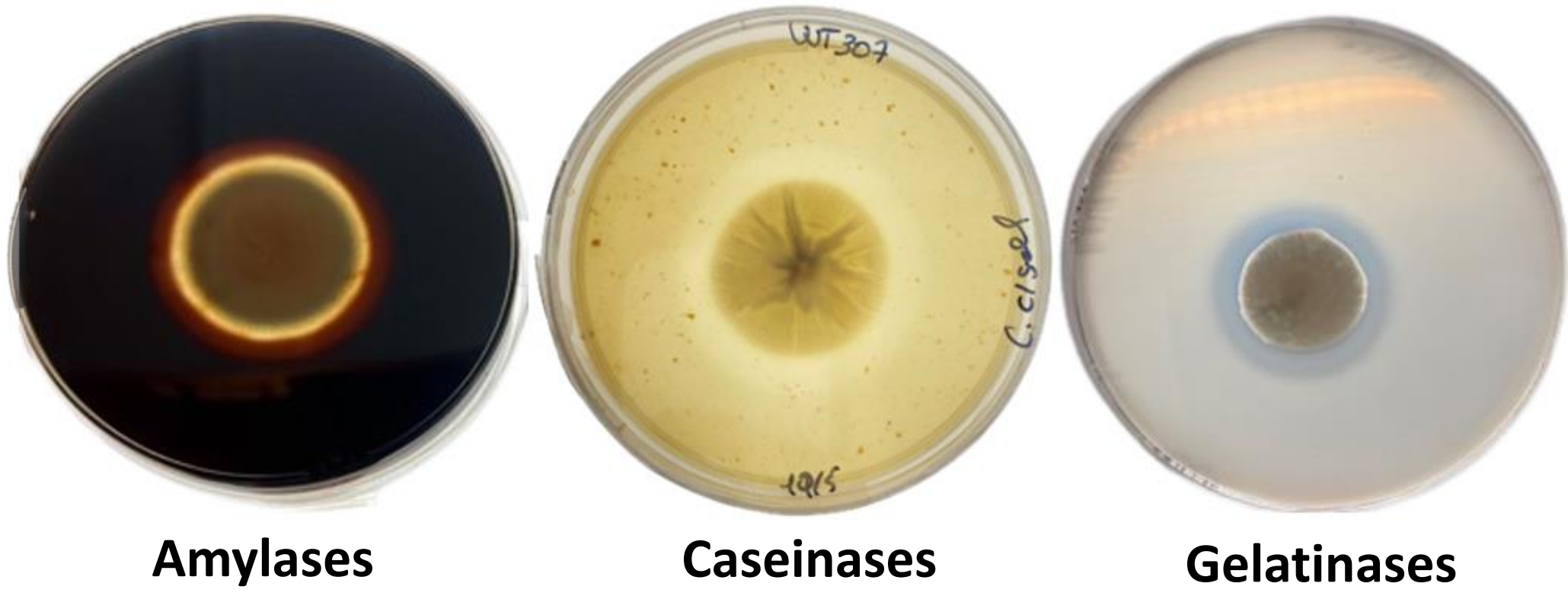
Enzymatic index increased in saline conditions



- 11 *Penicillium* strains had xylanolytic activity in non-saline conditions – 9 strains in saline condition



- All *Penicillium* strains had cellulolytic activity in non-saline conditions – 11 strains in saline conditions



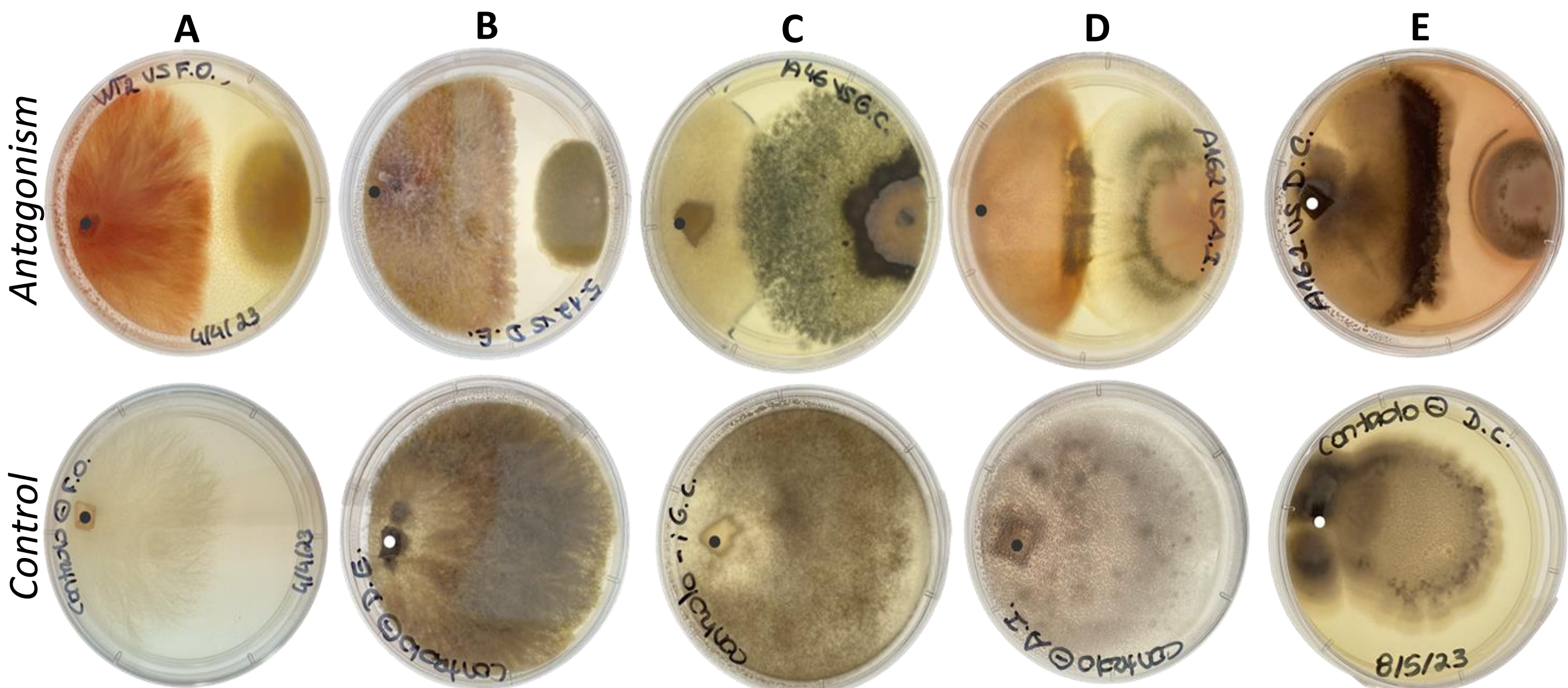
- 10 *Penicillium* strains had amylolytic activity in non-saline conditions – 3 maintained activity with sea salts
- 16 *Penicillium* strains exhibited caseinase activity in non-saline conditions – 9 maintained activity with sea salts
- 10 *Penicillium* strains exhibited gelatinase activity in non-saline conditions – no *Penicillium* strains had detectable enzymatic activity in saline condition

Antibacterial activity

- One *Penicillium* strain with antibacterial activity against *Aeromonas hydrophila*
- Two *Penicillium* strains with antibacterial activity against *Staphylococcus aureus*
- 38% of *Penicillium* strains had antibacterial activity against *Kocuria rhizophila*

Antifungal activity

Marine <i>Penicillium</i> strains	Test fungi							
	<i>Lasiodiplodia theobromae</i>	<i>Lasiodiplodia hormozganensis</i>	<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>	<i>Diaporthe eres</i>	<i>Diplodia corticola</i>	<i>Alternaria infectoria</i>	<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i>	<i>Glomerella cingulata</i>
<i>P. commune</i>	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-
<i>P. sanguii</i>	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
<i>P. expansum</i>	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-
<i>P. adametzioides</i>	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+
<i>P. corylophilum</i>	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>P. oxalicum</i>	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-
<i>P. piscarium</i>	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-
<i>P. spinulosum</i>	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-
<i>P. antarcticum</i>	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-
<i>P. terrigenum</i>	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-
<i>P. glabrum</i>	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-
<i>P. olsonii</i>	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-
<i>P. bialowieense</i>	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-
<i>P. fagi</i>	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+
<i>P. vancouverense</i>	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	-
<i>P. lusitanum sp. nov.</i>	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>P. spathulatum</i>	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	-
<i>P. pancosmum</i>	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	-



*Penicillium* strains inhibiting the growth of *Fusarium oxysporum* (A); *Diaporthe eres* (B); *Glomerella cingulata* (C); *Alternaria infectoria* (D); *Diplodia corticola* (E)

- Human and plant pathogen *Lasiodiplodia theobromae* was inhibited by 67% of *Penicillium* strains
- Plant pathogen *Botrytis cinerea* was inhibited by 72% of *Penicillium* strains
- 4 *Penicillium* strains showed antagonism towards a *Fusarium* sp (WHO fungal priority pathogen as of 2022)

FINAL REMARKS

- Caseinases, cellulases and xylanases were the most observed enzymatic activities among this collection
- Sea salts seem to modulate extracellular enzymatic activity of these marine-derived *Penicillium* strains
- This marine derived *Penicillium* collection proved to have antifungal activity against both plant and human pathogens
- We identified *Penicillium* strains with antagonism against clinical important bacteria – *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Aeromonas hydrophila*



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